



## COLORADO LAWYER ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

### What Happens When We Try to Multitask

*“The shortest way to do many things is to do only one thing at a time.” ~ Sir Richard Cecil*

We are living in an age of information overload. Studies estimate that scientists have collected as much information in the last 25 years as in all of human history before that. What does that mean for us in our everyday life? We are bombarded with information from the moment we wake up to the moment we fall asleep. Some of that information comes to us from the TV, the computer, our smartphones, or in newspapers and books. Some of the information comes to us from the people we come in contact with on a daily basis. Every time you communicate with someone, you are exposed to information that often requires you to respond in some way. In addition, every second of the day your senses are exposed to millions (or billions) of bits of information that is taken in by your senses and filtered or prioritized by your brain. If you smell smoke or hear a fire alarm, for example, your brain prioritizes those sensory inputs in a way that affects your behavior. When you think about how much information your brain and body process in a day, it is exhausting.

Unfortunately, the human brain has not had time to evolve and change to catch-up with the exponential increase in stimulus that we are expected to respond to, so we have had to develop coping strategies, such as multitasking, in order to assimilate. The concept of multitasking originated in the 1960's as a concept related to computers. While we are capable of *doing* two things at the same time, the brain cannot *concentrate* on two tasks at the same time. Thus, the concept of multitasking is actually a myth. When we are doing what we think is multitasking (cooking dinner while helping the kids with their homework and thinking about the brief due tomorrow, with the TV on in the background), it is actually our brain switching tasks quickly. The problem with switching tasks quickly is that making the brain “stop and go” requires tremendous energy that can deplete chemicals in the brain needed to concentrate and process information. The outcome of doing too much multitasking in a day (week, month, or year) is feeling or being exhausted and cloudy-headed.

There are simple ways to avoid the depletion of energy that your brain needs. Rather than trying to do many things at once, prioritize and spend at least 10 minutes on each task. When you are switching tasks, recognize that you are changing direction. If the brain has preparation for the “stop and go,” it depletes less energy than mindlessly flying back and forth between tasks. Taking a walk outside, even a brief one, while purposely thinking about something positive, helps to reset your neural nets. Getting a good night sleep is the best

way to help the brain reset itself, especially in combination with taking one nap a day to process information. The majority of us, however, do not have the luxury to take naps during the week day. If that is the case, designate time on weekends or days when you can fit that nap in.

The bottom line? SLOW DOWN. Do whatever you are doing with awareness, and prioritize your schedule. Bring yourself back to the present moment. Be sure to prioritize rest and relaxation into your day, especially on days you know will be “insanely busy.” Your brain will thank and reward you!!!

*By Sarah Myers, JD, LMFT, LAC*  
*Clinical Director, Colorado Lawyer Assistance Program*  
*March 2015*  
© Colorado Lawyer Assistance Program, 2017

Your Colorado Lawyer Assistance Program provides free and confidential services for judges, lawyers, and law students. If you need resources for ANY issue that is compromising your ability to be a productive member of the legal community, or if there is someone you are concerned about, contact COLAP at (303) 986-3345. For more information about COLAP, please visit [www.coloradolap.org](http://www.coloradolap.org).